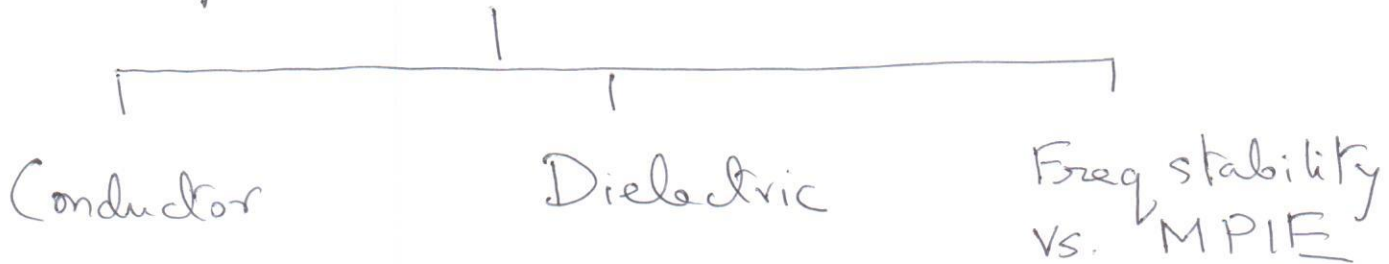


# EE-262 Lecture 19+20

## Surface PEEC

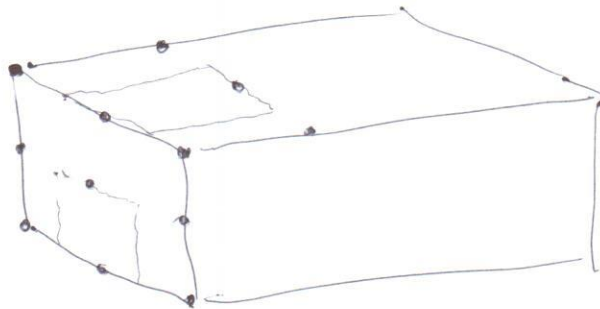


Conductor surface PEEC:-

$$E = Z_s J + \frac{\partial A}{\partial t} + \nabla \phi$$

$$\frac{1}{l} \int E \cdot ds = \frac{Z_s}{l} \int J \cdot ds + \frac{1}{l} \int \frac{\partial A}{\partial t} ds + \frac{1}{l} \int \nabla \phi ds$$

$$0 = V_R + V_L + V_C$$



$$Z_s = (1+j) \sqrt{\frac{\omega \mu}{2\sigma}}$$

$$R = Z_s \frac{b}{l}$$



(continued)

$$F(r) = \int G(r, r') q(r') ds'$$

$$\int_{a_c} \frac{\partial F(r)}{\partial r} ds = Q \left[ F\left(r + \frac{\Delta r}{2}\right) - F\left(r - \frac{\Delta r}{2}\right) \right]$$

$$V_c = Q \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon} \int G(r^+, r') ds' - Q \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon} \int G(r^-, r') ds'$$

$$= Q [PP_i^+ - PP_i^-]$$

where  $PP_{ij} = \frac{1}{a_j} \int_{s_j} G(r, r') ds$



~~Electric~~

~~Fields~~

Dielectric

Surface PEEC based on PMCHWT.

[Ref: Gope, Rubli MTT 2006]

[Ref: Poggio Miller  
in Computer Tech.  
for EM, Mittra]

$$\nabla \times E = -j\omega B - M$$

$$\nabla \times H = j\omega D + J$$

$$\nabla \cdot D = \rho$$

$$\nabla \cdot B = \rho_m$$

eq<sup>n</sup>

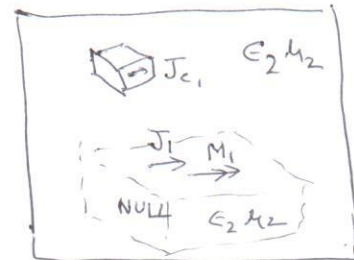
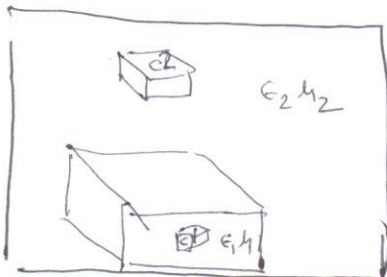
$$E = -j\omega A - \nabla\phi - \frac{1}{\epsilon} \nabla \times F$$

$$H = -j\omega F - \nabla\phi_m + \frac{1}{\mu} \nabla \times A$$

B.C.

$$n \times E_1 = n \times E_2 + n E^{inc}$$

$$n \times H_1 = n \times H_2$$



Exterior Problem

$$J_1 = -J_2$$

$$M_1 = -M_2$$



Interior Problem

$$E_{1,2}(\mathbf{r}) = -j\omega A_{1,2}(\mathbf{r}) - \nabla\phi_{1,2}(\mathbf{r}) - \frac{1}{\epsilon_{1,2}} \nabla \times F_{1,2}(\mathbf{r})$$

$$H_{1,2}(\mathbf{r}) = -j\omega F_{1,2}(\mathbf{r}) - \nabla\phi_{1,2}^m(\mathbf{r}) + \frac{1}{\mu_{1,2}} \nabla \times A_{1,2}(\mathbf{r})$$

$$A_{1,2}(\mathbf{r}) = \mu_{1,2} \int G_{1,2}(\mathbf{r}, \mathbf{r}') [+, -] J_1(\mathbf{r}') d\mathbf{r}'$$

$$F_{1,2}(\mathbf{r}) = \epsilon_{1,2} \int G_{1,2}(\mathbf{r}, \mathbf{r}') [+, -] M_1(\mathbf{r}') d\mathbf{r}'$$

$$\phi_{1,2}(\mathbf{r}) = \frac{1}{\epsilon_{1,2}} \int G_{1,2}(\mathbf{r}, \mathbf{r}') [+, -] q_1 d\mathbf{r}'$$

$$\phi_{1,2}^m(\mathbf{r}) = \frac{1}{\mu_{1,2}} \int G_{1,2}(\mathbf{r}, \mathbf{r}') [+, -] q_1^m d\mathbf{r}'$$

$$n \times E^{inc}(\mathbf{r}) = n \times \left[ \begin{aligned} & j\omega (A_1(\mathbf{r}) - A_2(\mathbf{r})) + \nabla (\phi_1(\mathbf{r}) - \phi_2(\mathbf{r})) \\ & + \frac{1}{\epsilon} \nabla \times F_1(\mathbf{r}) - \frac{1}{\epsilon_2} \nabla \times F_2(\mathbf{r}) \end{aligned} \right]$$

$$0 = n \times \left[ \begin{aligned} & j\omega (F_1(\mathbf{r}) - F_2(\mathbf{r})) + \nabla (\phi_1^m(\mathbf{r}) - \phi_2^m(\mathbf{r})) \\ & - \frac{1}{\mu_1} \nabla \times A_1(\mathbf{r}) - \frac{1}{\mu_2} \nabla \times A_2(\mathbf{r}) \end{aligned} \right]$$

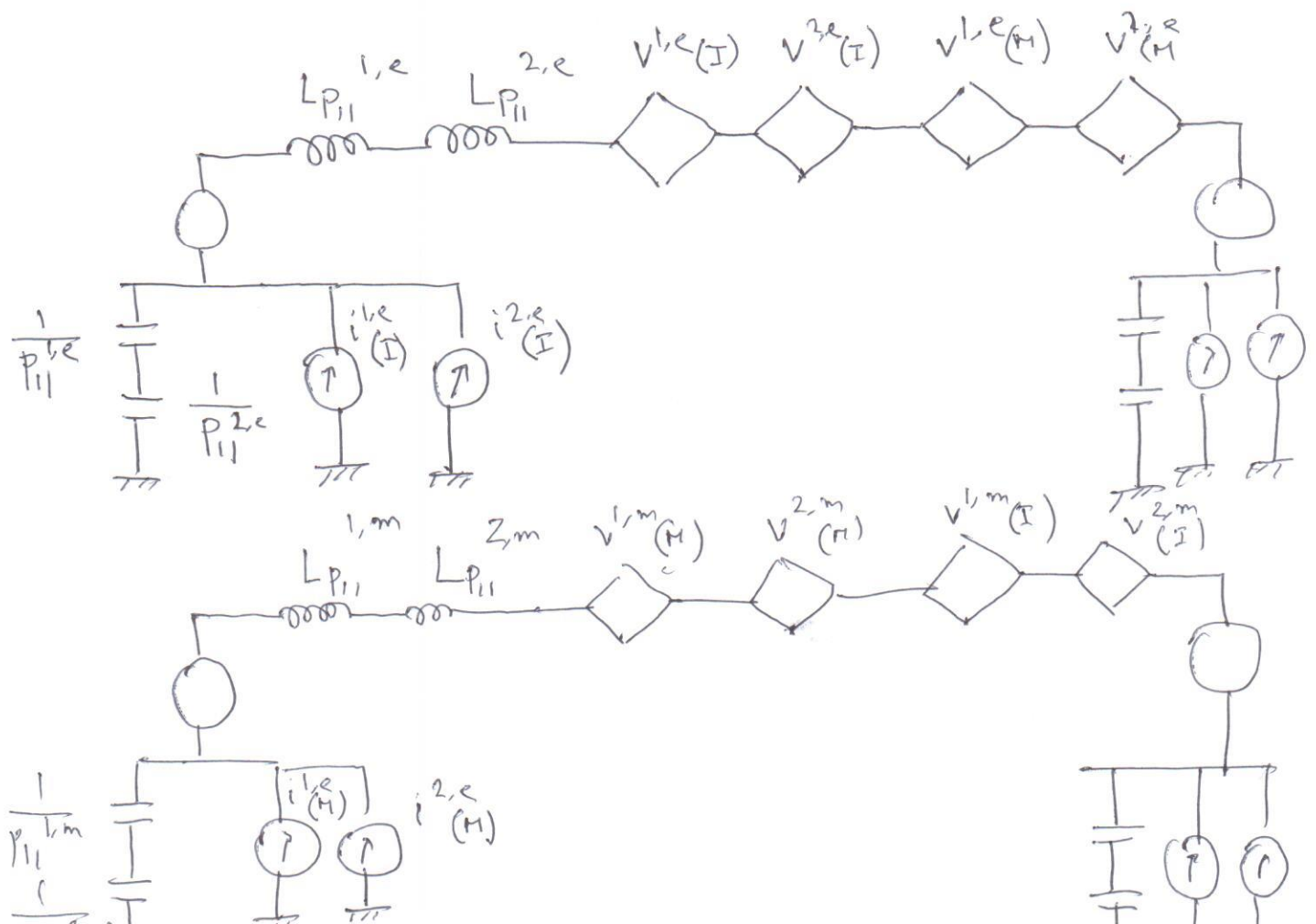
$$V_L = \int_{s'} \frac{j\omega}{l} (A_1(r) - A_2(r)) ds'$$

$$= j\omega \frac{1}{l} \int_{s'} G J_1 ds' - j\omega \frac{1}{l} \int G J_2 ds'$$

$$= j\omega \frac{1}{l} \int_{s'} G J_1 ds' + j\omega \frac{1}{l} \int G J_1 ds'$$

Interior  
Contribution

Exterior  
Contribution.

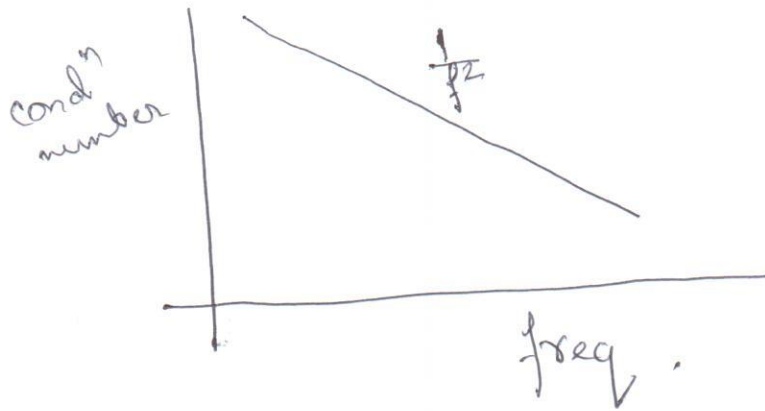


# Freq dependence in PEEC

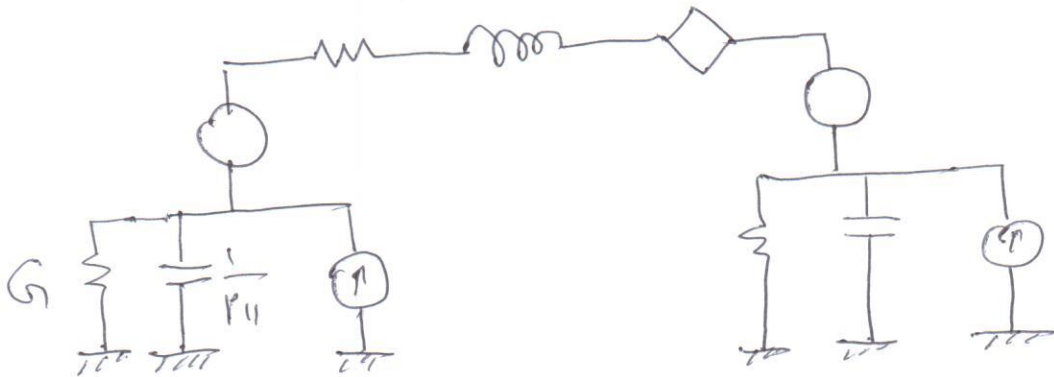
[Ref: Gope, Ruehli et al. TADVP]

Recollected in MPIE EFIE :-

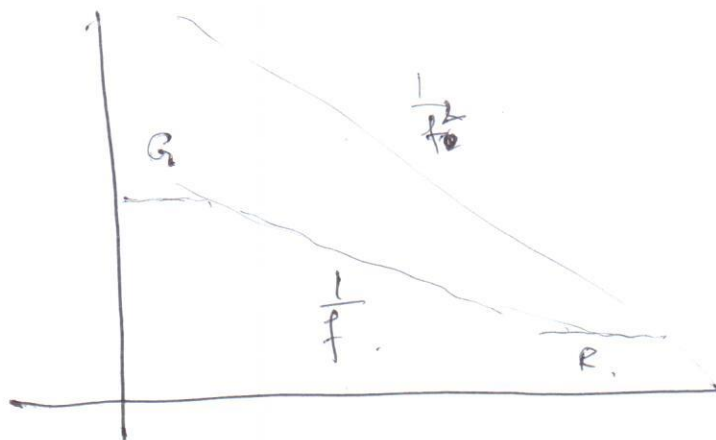
$$M = j\omega L + \frac{APA^T}{j\omega}$$



Now in PEEC :-



			1	-1		$V_{C1}$
	$G + \frac{s}{P_{11}}$			-1	$-\frac{P_{12}}{P_{11}}$	$\phi_1$
			-1		1	$V_{C2}$
		$G + \frac{s}{P_{22}}$		$-\frac{P_{12}}{P_{22}}$	-1	$\phi_2$
1		-1	$R + j\omega L$			$I_L$
1	-1					$I_{C1}$
		1	-1			$I_{C2}$



# Applied to EFIE (SPIE)

$$\begin{bmatrix} j\omega L & -A \\ P \times A^T & D \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} J \\ V \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} J \\ V \end{bmatrix} \quad \langle t, E_{inc} \rangle$$

$$\begin{matrix} M \times \\ N_e \times N_e \end{matrix} \begin{matrix} J \\ N_e \times 1 \end{matrix} = \begin{bmatrix} j\omega L_{N_e \times N_e} + A_{N_e \times N_p} D_{N_p \times N_p}^{-1} P_{N_p \times N_p} A_{N_p \times N_e}^T \\ \times J_{N_e \times 1} \end{bmatrix} = b_{N_e \times 1}$$

if:

$$\Rightarrow j\omega L_{N_e \times N_e} - V = D_{N_p \times N_p}^{-1} P_{N_p \times N_p} A_{N_p \times N_e}^T J_{N_e \times 1}$$

$$D_{ii} = \frac{S}{P_{ii}}$$

→ Augmented EFIE: Chew