

E2 205 Error-Control Coding Homework 4

1. Consider the rate 1/2 convolutional code with

$$G(D) = [1 + D + D^2 \quad 1 + D^2].$$

- (a) Draw a complete trellis diagram up to node level 6 (beginning at node level 0). Label all branches with code symbols.
 (b) Use the trellis to determine the free distance d_{free} of the code.
 (c) If the received sequence (across a BSC) is

$$\underline{r} = (01 \ 00 \ 01 \ 00 \ 00 \ 00 \dots\dots)$$

find (the information sequences associated to) all survivors at node level 6.

- (d) If the received sequence (across an AWGN channel) is

$$\underline{r} = (4 \ -1 \ -3 \ 2 \ 6 \ -5 \ 2 \ 4 \ 5 \ 3 \ 5 \ 5 \dots\dots)$$

find (the information sequences associated to) all survivors at node level 6.

2. The polynomial generator matrices (PGM)

$$G_1(D) = [1 + D^2, \quad 1 + D]$$

$$G_2(D) = [1 + D, \quad 1]$$

generate the same convolutional code \mathcal{C} . If the (infinite length) all-1 input sequence $\{u(k)\}_{k=0}^{\infty} = (111\dots)$ produces the codeword $(V^{(1)}(D), V^{(2)}(D))$ when PGM $G_1(D)$ is employed, identify the first 10 symbols of the input sequence $\{u'_k\}_{k=0}^{\infty}$ which will yield the same codeword when PGM $G_2(D)$ is employed. Make clear your reasoning.

3. Consider the convolutional code having polynomial generator matrix (PGM)

$$G(D) = [1, \quad 1 + D].$$

- (a) Draw the state diagram of the (finite state machine associated to the code) using dotted lines to denote a 1 at the input.
 (b) Determine the generating function $A_{END}(L, D, I)$ associated to this code.
 (c) What is the minimum free distance d_{free} of this code ?

4. In the field of formal power series $\mathbb{F}_2((X))$, what is the inverse of $(x + x^2)$?

5. Given a binary convolutional code \mathcal{C} having polynomial generator matrix (PGM)

$$G(D) = [1 + D + D^3, \quad D + D^4]$$

how many states are there in the corresponding trellis diagram of the code ?

6. Will the choice of generator matrix,

$$G(D) = [1 + D + D^2 + D^3, 1 + D^2 + D^3 + D^5, 1 + D^4],$$

cause the associated convolutional code \mathcal{C} to exhibit catastrophic error propagation? Explain fully your answer.

7. A PGM $G(D)$ represents one possible encoder for a convolutional code. For the code that has the PGM

$$G(D) = [1 + D + D^3, D + D^4]$$

as one possible encoder, provide a second, not necessarily distinct encoder that has catastrophic error propagation. Explain your reasoning.

8. In the field of formal power series $F_2[[D]]$, find the first 7 terms in the power-series expansion of

(a) $\frac{1}{1+D^2}$

(b) $\frac{D}{1+D+D^2}$

(c) $\frac{D^2}{1+D^2+D^5}$

9. Determine whether the convolutional codes encoded using the $G(D)$ below given below are catastrophic. If so, find an infinite weight input sequence that generates a codeword of finite weight.

(a) $G(D) = [1 + D + D^3, 1 + D + D^2, 1 + D^2 + D^3]$.

(b) $G(D) = [1 + D^3, 1 + D + D^2 + D^4, 1 + D^2 + D^3 + D^4]$.

Hint: The irreducible polynomials of degree ≤ 3 over $GF(2)$ are listed below:

degree 1: $D, 1 + D$

degree 2: $1 + D + D^2$

degree 3: $1 + D + D^3, 1 + D^2 + D^3$.

10. Use Euclid's algorithm to find the greatest common divisor $g(D)$ of

(a) $g_1(D) = 1 + D^{20}, g_2(D) = 1 + D^{15}$.

(b) $g_1(D) = D + D^2 + D^4, g_2(D) = 1 + D^8$.

In each case also find a pair $\{a_1(D), a_2(D)\}$ of polynomials such that

$$a_1(D)g_1(D) + a_2(D)g_2(D) = g(D).$$

11. Determine an upper bound to the bit error probability P_{be} of the rate $1/3$ convolutional code having

$$G(D) = [1 + D \quad 1 + D^2 \quad 1 + D + D^2].$$